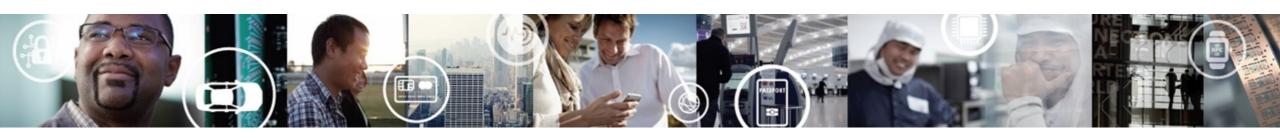
MGOV SERVICES

Mobile is here to stay ...

MOBILE IDENTITY & AUTHENTICATION FRAMEWORK

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KEY FACTS AND FIGURES

Operations in 33 countries

>\$10B Revenue

9000+ Patents

More than 100 facilities

~31,000 employees

Headquarters: Eindhoven

NXP at a Glance

Market Leader in...

SECURE IDENTIFICATION

COMMUNICATIONS PROCESSORS

BROAD-BASED MCUs¹

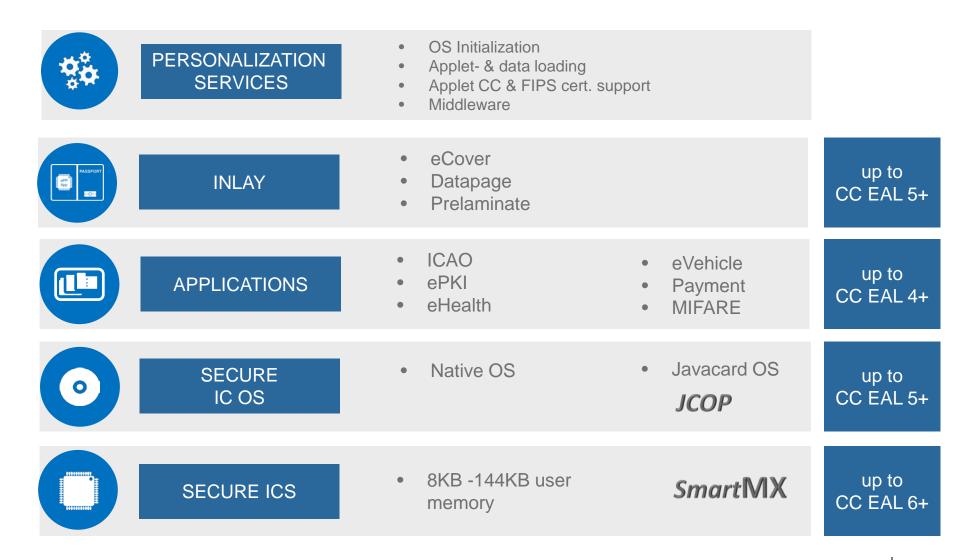
RF POWER TRANSISTORS

AUTOMOTIVE

SMALL SIGNAL DISCRETE'S



NXP Secure ID – product and service offering

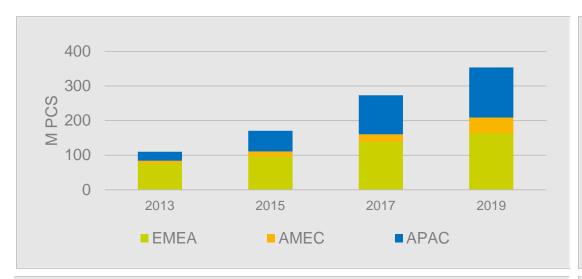




Electronic National ID Application Summary

#1 electronic IDs WW







- Reduce fraud
- Eliminate identity theft
- Enable gov online services

KEY TRENDS

- Convergence of applications
- Mobile IDs derived from eIDs

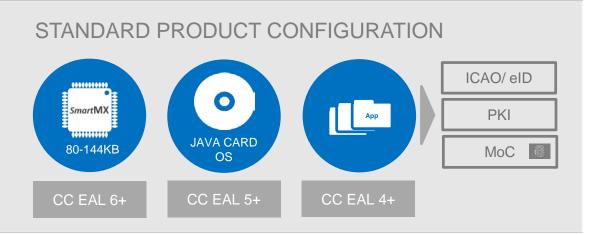
USE MODELS

- Visual inspect. by service provider
- 2 & 3 factor authentication for online services

STANDARDS

- None world-wide
- ICAO 9303 often leveraged
- EIDAS in Europe









eGOV IS NOW GLOBAL

The world has, without question, entered the age of online government services.

Within the past decade, government agencies worldwide, at the national, state, and even local levels, have been moving quickly to provide websites that provide information, give access to services, and let people update their information.

Transactional online services offered by national websites worldwide (2014 and 2016)

	No. of countries offering the service in 2014	No. of countries offering the service in 2016	
Create a personal account	101	142	
Submit income taxes	73	114	
Pay for utilities	41	104	
Register a business	60	97	
Pay fines	42	76	
Apply for social security benefits	46	63	
Apply for a birth certificate	44	55	
Apply for environmental permits	40	55	
Apply for marriage certificate	39	53	
Register a motor vehicle	33	47	
Apply for a driver's license	29	38	
Apply for a personal identity card	27	31	

Making online government services available to citizens has several benefits, in terms of cost and convenience

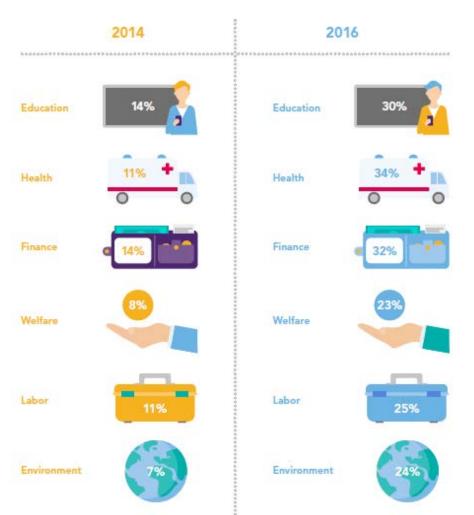
- Online access helps improve workflows and lower administrative costs
- Gov. agencies can service a broader population with fewer personnel, and extend their coverage, without having to establish new offices.
- From the citizen's point of view, eGov makes it easier to interact with government and get things done.

Source: Statista 2017, https://www.statista.com/statistics/421693/e-government-availability-mobile-services/



THE ARRIVAL OF mGOV

A growing number of today's transactional services are designed to be accessed by a mobile device, such as a smartphone or tablet. This subcategory of eGov, known as mobile government or mGov, lets citizens use mobile apps and mobile websites to interact with a range of services.



Percentage of countries offering mobile government services (2014 and 2016)

The table shows the categories that Statista is tracking in mobile – covering everything from education and health to finance, welfare, labor, and environment – and confirms that support for mobile increased across all categories.

THE mGOV-SMARTPHONE CONNECTION

The increased support for mobile access is directly tied to the near universal adoption of mobile devices. Since 2015, the number of mobile-phone subscriptions worldwide has approximately equaled the number of people on the planet – about 7 billion.

Country surveyed	Total %	Country surveryed	Total 9
South Korea	94	Labanon	66
Autralia	93	China	65
Canada	90	Ukraine	60
United States	89	Brazil	60
United Kingdom	88	Mexico	54
Spain	87	Peru	52
Israel	86	Vietnam	50
Germany	85	South African	42
Chile	78	Philippines	40
France	75	Kenya	40
Italy	72	Nigeria	39
Russia	72	Senegal	31
Turkey	72	Indonesia	30
Palestinian territories	72	Ghana	25
Argentina	71	India	22
Poland	69	Tanzania	21
Japan	69	Burkina Faso	18
Malaysia	68	Pakistan	15
Jordan	67	Uganda	11
Venezula	67	Ethipia	8

THINKING MOBILE FIRST

In light of the trend that many citizens now use mobile devices to access information, make purchases, and conduct other forms of business, governments at the national, state, and local levels have started adopting the philosophy of "think mobile first." They're making mobile technology a priority in their online strategies and, in many cases, designing sites and services with mobile in mind.

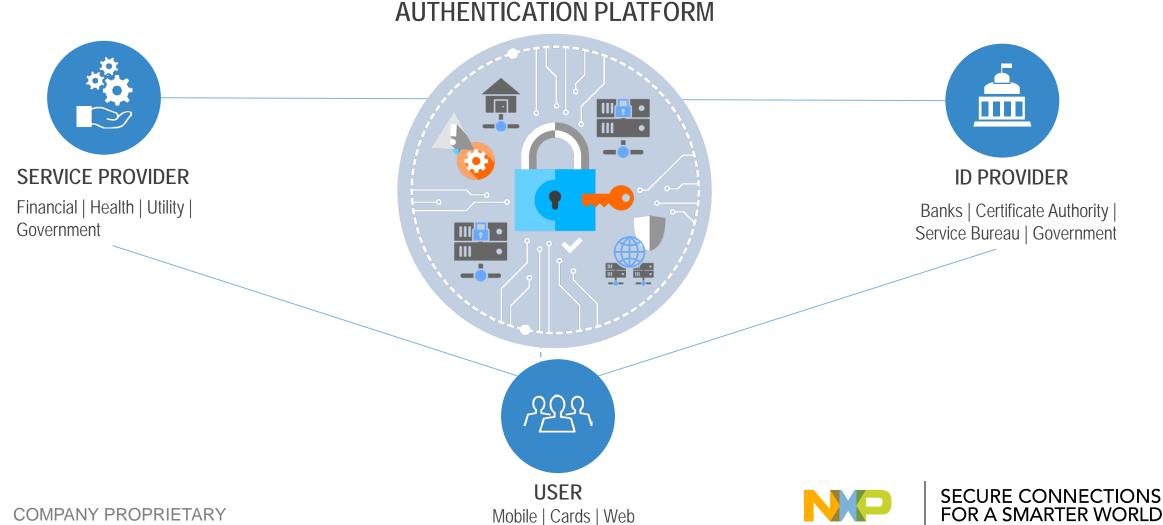
- Them mobile-centric approach also requires balancing security requirements with the need for ease of use.
- It's essential for government agencies to consider the security mechanisms for mobile access at the earliest phases of mGov design and development.





What is it about

Provide secure, privacy-enhancing services that conveniently connect users to critical online services, ideally using digital credentials they already have and trust on devices they already use



Vision and Value of a federal identity management

DIGITAL ID



SHARED DIGITAL ID



NETWORKS



LINKING PEOPLE & DEVICES



SIMPLIFIED ACCESS



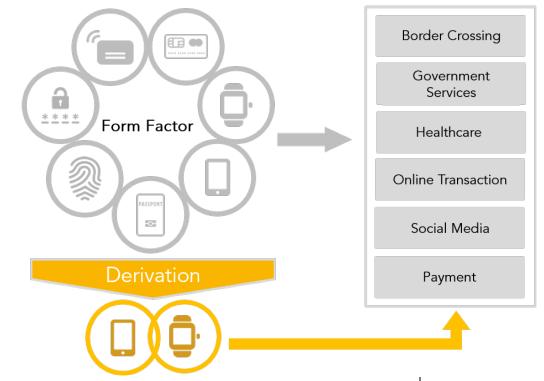
PROVIDES CHOICE



PROTECTS PRIVACY

Using a single or federated ID to access multiple services is something private organizations are pursuing, as well, since the approach enables secure use of private digital information while extending the service offering.

Carrying one or more credentials

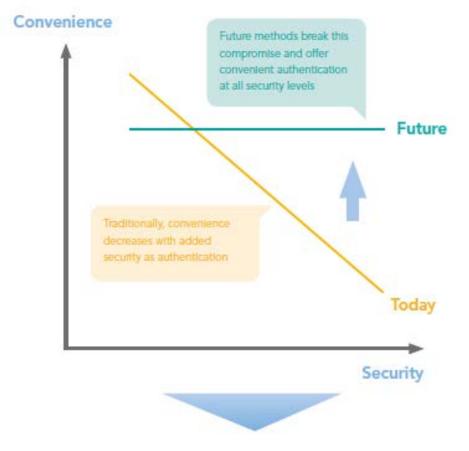




LEVERAGE CONTEXT-AWARE AUTHENTICATION

In many of today's online applications, developers are forced to make a tradeoff between security and convenience. As the level of needed protection increases, ease of use tends to go down, since the authentication process becomes more complex.

The added level of flexibility afforded context-aware authentication means it's easier to choose the right level of security for each situation





Identification method depends on device type and features

- Biometric sensor (e.g. fingerprint, face, voice)
- Non-biometric (e.g. PIN, TAN, password)



Identification method is economical

 Most economical ID solution is chosen for particular situation and application



Identification method depends on security requirements of use cases

- Simple authentication for low-stake applications (e.g. small payments)
- Multifactor authentication for high stake applications (e.g. access health records)





AUTHENTICATION SECURITY

CHOOSE THE RIGHT LEVEL OF ASSURANCE

In the world of identity and access management, the level of assurance refers to the degree of confidence that a credential is neither fraudulent nor stolen, and that the person using the credential is the person to whom the credential was issued.

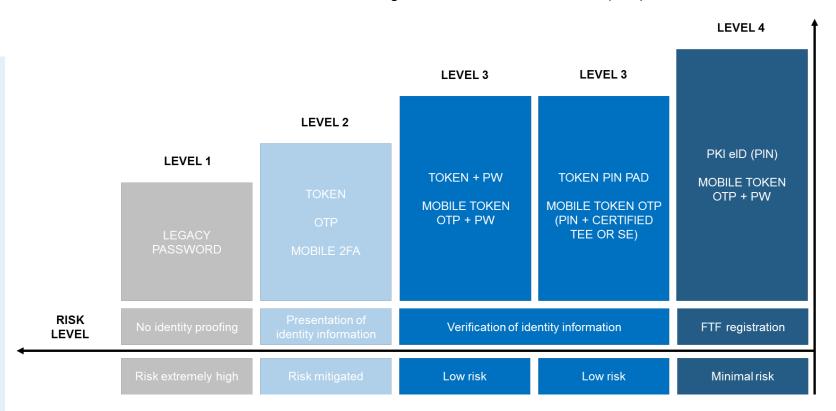
- When granting access to any government service, the level of assurance needs to meet the requirements of a given use case. A low-risk transaction, for example, is likely to require a lower level of assurance than a high-risk one.
- The security mechanisms supported by an authentication platform typically dictate the level of assurance, and provide a starting point for balancing the tradeoffs involved with risk, complexity, and cost.

Service offering based on level of assurance (LoA) for verified credentials

- Described by NIST, eIDAS
 Strong push to support Mobile Identities in multiple environments
- Risk Mitigation for the citizen and Relying Party
 RP makes the authorization decisions based
- Enables IDPs to reach into the public

on what was provided.

space
Standards (OIDC, FIDO, VoT) bridge identity
gaps and reduce the Identity Zoo

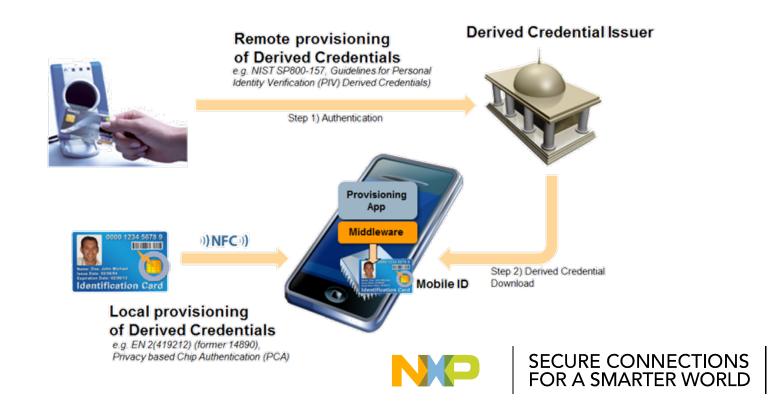


Derived Identities

The use of standardized, time-tested eID formats helps lower development costs, makes the deployment easier to scale, and increases stakeholder confidence. Building on the foundation of eIDs, derived credentials make it easier, safer, and more convenient to deploy and maintain mGov services.

Physical documents used to generate eIDs and derived credentials remain the foundation of all government services — online or offline — and remain the root credentials in case there are any problems with the network infrastructure associated with eGov or mGov services.

- LOA/VoT is wired into the platform
 Each assertion provides context to the RP about the device/app/user.
- Service Workflow Engines
 Customizable with influence from IDP, RP,
 Device & User
- Crypto-signature is not static on the device
 DI signature are rotated & protected.
- Device & App Context
 Centralized "meta" knowledge about the nature of the device, user, and mode of authentication.



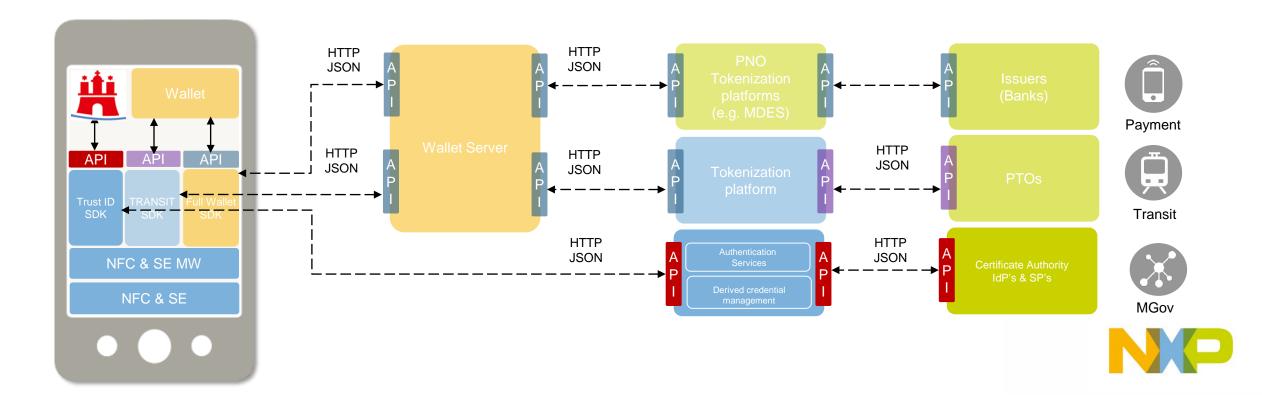
THE MOBILE ID ARCHITECTURE

The derived credential is just one part of the overall architecture used to store, process, and communicate the data necessary for secure authentication. A typical Mobile ID architecture makes use of the following items:

MOBILE ID – This is the derived credential and the Mobile application that hosts it. The Mobile ID resides in it's own "vault", ideally an eSE. The vault is a secure container that stores and processes data, and communicates with entities external to the mobile device, in a way that keeps the data private and safe.

MOBILE ID MIDDLEWARE – This is software that translates high-level API functions into commands that can be used by an eSE, TEE's and other containers and interprets responses to provide feedback to calling applications. The Middleware is as well used to access issued eID cards enabling credential derivation.

MOBILE APPLICATIONS – These are services or applications that run on the mobile device and make use of the Mobile ID credentials.



The overall Eco-System Landscape

Credential Holders

Credential
Users, Cards &
Devices









(m)Gov.
Applications
Interfacing &
Development

eGov & private sector portals for services

- Birth, Death & Marriage Certificates
- Book and Manage Medical Appointments
- Health records & Lab Results
- Replacement of a Driver's Licence
- National Safety Code Safety Certificate
- Permit Application Vehicle
- Application Disability Parking

Application/Service providers

 Disability Bus Pass Application

Solution Architect & System & Services Integration

- Freedom of Information Requests
- Change of Residence
- mDL
- mVR
- mID

- Bank services
- Insurances
- Mobile SIM Providers
- Peer-to-Peer payment
- Etc.

- mApps
- (m)Websites
- vDocs

Central Authentication Hub Core Infrastructure

Central
Authentication
& Credentialing
Services
Provider

-----OIDC/SDK

Government Central Authentication Hub

- Authentication Services Provider
- eIDAS Proxy Services Provider
- Biometric Backend Service
- Mobile Credential ServicesProviderSDK / Plug-In for Customer Applications
- HW / SW Secure Element personalization



Biometrics

OCSP/ LDAP/ CRL



Certificate Authorities

Operator and Server hosting Service

RP's/ & IDP's

Credential Providers & Subscribers

Ministry of Health



Ministry of Transportation



SAML/OIDC/SDK

Ministry of
Social Development &
Social Innovation



EU Member States



Private Sector Partners



So the world is turning



MOBILE is here to stay....



US Pilots:

- ALABAMA

- ILLINOIS - IOWA - TEXAS - VIRGINIA

- DELAWARE

Regional overview

- → North America: eGov solutions rely on private sector identities
 - Some initiatives:
 - UPS eGov services
 - Canadian Gov. using bank identities for mobile services
 - AAMVA started bi-literal mDL pilot, testing decentralized storage of credentials and attributes
 - 12 NIST pilots financed by the federal government.
- → Asia: Dominated by low value digital identities
 - Leading countries: South Korea, Singapore, Malaysia
- **→** Europe: Heterogeneous solutions
 - User/Pwd credentials: in some leading countries: France, UK
 - elD based digital identities: Belgium, Portugal, Spain, Germany, Estonia, Spain, Sweden, Finland, ...
 - Banks and mobile ID: Nordics, Moldova, Azerbaijan, Turkey, Canada
- → Middle East/Africa: Mobile and eID solutions in ME
 - Middle East: Oman, Qatar, Bahrain, UAE
 - Africa: Nigeria, Kenya and SA starting to deploy mobile identity services.



Summery

- «Mobile Identity is here to stay…...»
 - Many initiatives for the development of **(mobile) digital identity standards**: eIDAS, NIST, ISO and as well ICAO started working groups on virtual documents
 - World bank ID4D (ID 4 Development) initiative to push & enable online services delivery, focus on education, healthcare, agriculture and others in general and as well via deployment of secure affordable mobile devices
- Cost saving remains a strong driver for the adoption of trust services
 - **Developed countries** massively shifting services to online channel.
 - Cost of digital transaction can be up to 50 times lower than face to face transaction (UK study).
 - Studies made in Norway, Australia, Denmark provide similar findings.
- The market is still fragmented
 - **Different approaches**: Government services centric or Private sector lead for specific purposes
 - Two main trends: Identity frameworks with standard interfaces/technologies or All-in-One proprietary approaches



Come and see our Mobile Driver License App - Booth C03

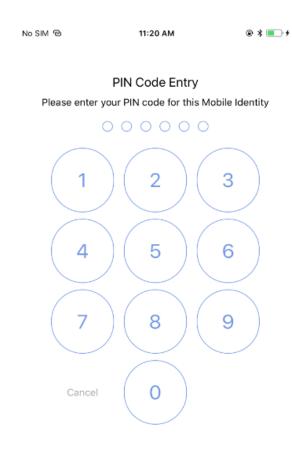
a platform for secure mobile credentialing & authentication of any virtual Gov document



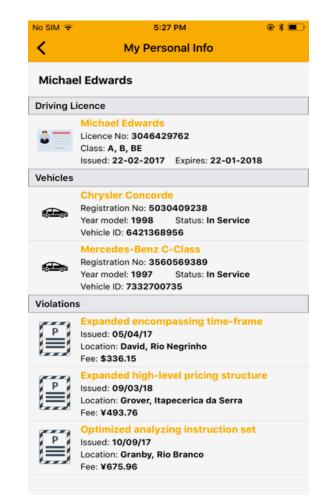
1. Tap on "My Personal Info". List of ACTIVE Mobile Identities would appear.



2. Select a Mobile Identity to authenticate.



3. Enter PIN to unlock the selected Mobile credentials and attributes



4. virtual DL History overview



