element

Infant Biometric Identity:
A Mobile Deep Learning Approach

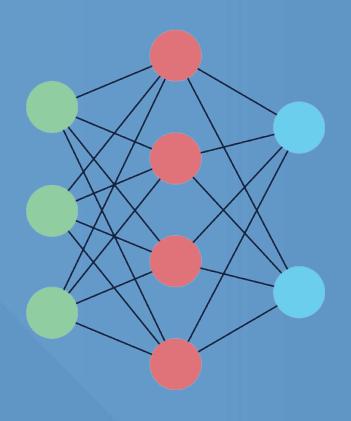
Barbara Iyayi,
Chief Growth Officer & Managing Director, Africa

Deep Learning

A modern form of machine learning (artificial intelligence) in which models learn directly from data

Suited to address the unique challenges of scalable biometric recognition:

- ✓ Inclusive: Can be applied to unique (and multiple) human features
- ✓ Performance: Improvements in accuracy and robust over different conditions
- ✓ Security: Creates irreversible abstractions of data, providing native security architecture

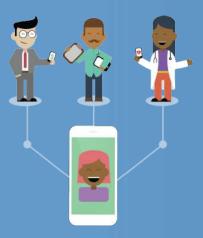


Al-Powered Mobile Software Solution









Capture image

Automated ID Chec

Biometric ID Created

4

Ecosystem Access

Uses existing camera on mobile devices - no specialized hardware

Works across devices

OCR technology to scan legal ID - enabling KYC / AML database checks Deep Learning algorithms create a unique user ID

Without having to store PII/underlying images

Unique user ID can serve as cross-channel identity key for ecosystem access

Can be used without connectivity

Infant Biometric Recognition

Challenges

- Small, rapidly-changing features hard to capture
- Last mile, low resource, low connectivity contexts
- Data security and privacy

Deep Learning Approach

- Can be deployed to recognize changes in features over time
- Application to modalities that can be captured with mobile cameras
- ✓ Native security architecture

The BioNIC Initiative

A non-touch, globally scalable solution for infant biometric recognition

In partnership with



Key Questions

- Are infant biometric modalities suitable for identification and verification?
- Do they have sufficient stability in infancy?
- Can they be captured on existing mobile devices, increasing the opportunity for use?

Global Partners

Longitudinal collection of infant palm, ear, and foot biometric images

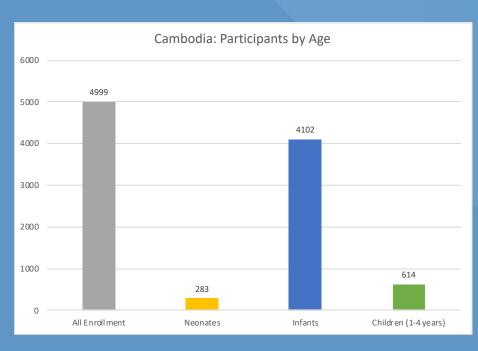
Cambodia 646,000 972,500 biometric image captured 5,000 infants and children enrolled

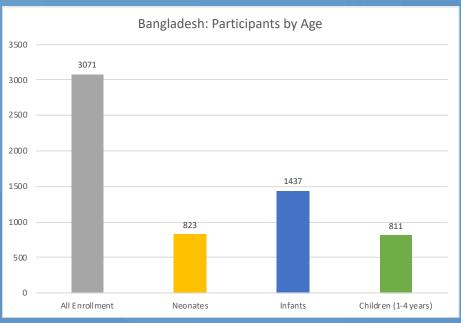
Bangladesh



Real-World Dataset

World's largest infant biometric dataset





- Significant proportion of neonates
- Each child seen up to 3 times (6-8 weeks in between visits)
- > Capture in real-world conditions

Next Steps

Mozambique



Migration of models to mobile devices for offline verification

Focus on mitigating ethnicity bias





2018 INFUSE Pacesetter

investigação em saúde de manhica

Unlocking Digital Ecosystem

Mobile biometric identity from birth to improve transparency and efficiency of service delivery



Thank you!

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